# QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Certified Public Accountants 3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd. Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF BOARD**

Quinlan Independent School District Name of School District	Hunt County	116-908 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached audireviewed and approved/ disapp of the board of school trustees of such school district	roved for the year ended June 3	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board Presiden	Inc.

If the auditor's report was checked above as disapproved, the reasons(s) therefore is/are (attached list if necessary):

### RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd. Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252 Fax (903) 455-6667

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Quinlan Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Quinlan Independent School District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Independent Auditor's Report – Continued

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedules identified in the table of contents as other supplementary information are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purpose of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary schedules identified in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express any opinion or provide an assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rutherford, Taylor & Company PL

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 8, 2021 Greenville, Texas

### RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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#### Members of the Board

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Quinlan Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2021.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

Rutherford, Taylor & Company PL

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 8, 2021 Greenville, Texas

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Quinlan Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

#### Internal Control over Compliance with the Uniform Guidance - Continued

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 8, 2021 Greenville, Texas

Rutherford, Taylor & Company PL

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Summary of Auditor's Results (Section I)

Financial Statements -

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified Opinion

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Material weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Noncompliance material to the financial

statements noted None

Federal Awards -

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Type of Auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs Unmodified opinion

Any audit findings disclosed that are

required to be reported No

Identification of Major Programs Elementary and Secondary School Emergency

Relief (84.425)

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency

Relief II (84.425)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and B programs \$ 750,000

Entity qualifies as a low risk auditee Yes

Pass-through Entities Texas Education Agency

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NONE

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NONE

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prior Year Findings (Section IV)	
	NONE

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Corrective Action Plan (Section V	)
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NONE

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section of Quinlan Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's total combined net assets were \$ 18,002,714 at June 30, 2021.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 2,871,750 less than the \$ 34,637,662 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 18,054,811.
- The District experienced disruption in traditional educational services due to the state and national responses to the COVID-19 pandemic during the year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Management's Basic Required Supplementary Discussion Financial Information Statements and Analysis Notes Government-Wide Financial Financia to the Statements Statements Financial Statements



The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are

Fund Statements Type of Statements Government-wide Governmental Funds Proprietary Funds Fiduciary Funds The activities of the district Activities the district Instances in which the (except fiduciary funds) that are not proprietary or operates similar to private district is the trustee or and the Agency's component fiduciary businesses: self insurance agent for someone else's units resources • Statement of net assets Statement of fiduciary Balance sheet Statement of net assets net assets Statement of activities · Statement of revenues, Statement of revenues, Statement of changes Required financial expenditures & changes expenses and changes in in fiduciary net assets in fund balances fund net assets Statement of cash flows Accounting basis Accrual accounting and Modified accrual Accrual accounting and Accrual accounting and and measurement economic resources focus accounting and current economic resources focus economic resources focus financial resources focus focus All assets and liabilities. All assets and liabilities. All assets and liabilities. Only assets expected to both financial and capital. be used up and liabilities both financial and capital. both short-term and long short-term and long-term that come due during the and short-term and longterm; the Agency's funds do asset/liability year or soon thereafter; term not currently contain information no capital assets included capital assets, although they can All revenues and Revenues for which cash All revenues and All revenues and expenses expenses during year, is received during or soon during year, regardless of expenses during year, regardless of when cash after the end of the year: when cash is received or regardless of when cash Type of is received or paid expenditures when goods is received or paid paid inflow/outflow or services have been information received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net assets were \$ 18,002,714 at June 30, 2021.

		Table A-1
Quinlan Independent Sci	hool District's Net Position	Table A-1
Quillian independent och	noor bisuict's Net Position	Total
	Governmental	Percentage
	Activities	Change
	2021 2020	2020-2021
Assets	2021	2020 2021
Cash and Investments	\$ 16,417,840 \$ 14,211,951	15.52%
Other Assets	7,734,933 7,547,555	2.48%
Capital Assets less Accumulated	25,539,750 26,623,694	-4.07%
Restricted Assets	94,971 82,448	15.19%
Total Assets	\$ 49,787,494 \$ 48,465,648	2.73%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources:	\$ 4,700,115 \$ 5,986,758	-21.49%
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$ 635,905 \$ 1,199,981	-47.01%
Long-term Liabilities	19,495,821 22,848,956	•
Total Liabilities	\$ 20,131,726 \$ 24,048,937	-16.29%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources:	\$ 7,687,690 \$ 5,679,501	35.36%
Not Design		
Net Position	Ф 4 4 4 0 Г Б 4 4 4 4 4 4 0 Г Б С	0.500/
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	\$ 14,185,511 \$ 14,110,556	0.53%
Unrestricted	673,893 810,372	-16.84%
Total Net Position	3,143,310 402,560 \$ 19,002,714, \$ 15,222,499	680.83% 17.48%
Total Net Position	\$ 18,002,714 \$ 15,323,488	17.46%

Approximately \$ 263,112 of the District's restricted net assets represent funds collected for debt retirement. These funds are restricted for debt retirement purposes only. The unrestricted net asset represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

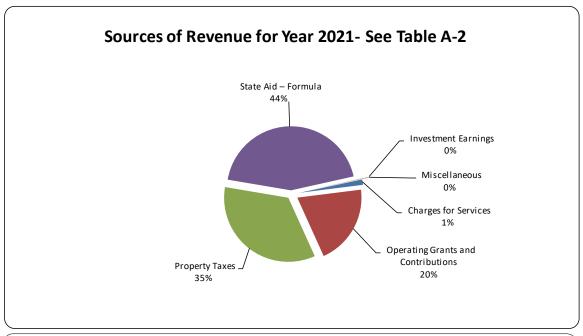
The District's total revenues were \$ 34,445,138. 35% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 64% comes from state aid and federal grants, while only 1% relates to charges for services.

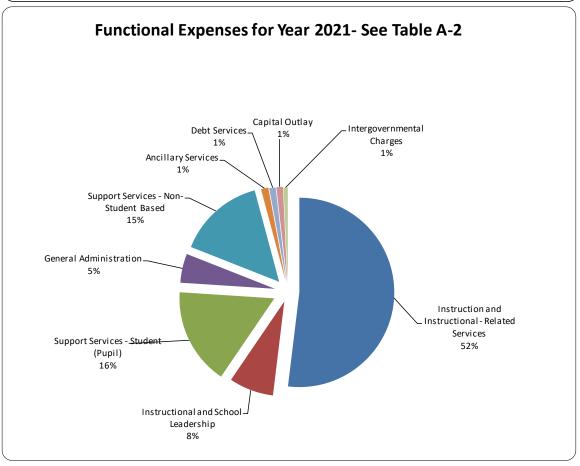
The total cost of all programs and services was \$ 31,765,912. 52% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related student services.

The District's current tax collection rate (base tax only – current and delinquent) was 97.18%. The total collection rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 99.71%.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

					Table A-2
Changes in Quinlan Independe	ent School Di	strict's Net A	\sse	ets	
		_			Total
		Govern		ial	Percentage
		Activ	ities	0000	Change
Diagram Davisson		2021		2020	2020 - 2021
Program Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	460,261	æ	539,416	-14.67%
Operating Grants and Contributions	Φ	6,973,270	Φ	7,730,678	-14.07% -9.80%
General Revenues:		0,973,270		7,730,076	-9.00 /6
Property Taxes		11,858,500		11,248,184	5.43%
State Aid – Formula		15,094,210		14,385,754	4.92%
Investment Earnings		22,065		192,077	-88.51%
Miscellaneous		36,832		38,713	-4.86%
Total Revenues	\$	34,445,138	\$	34,134,822	0.91%
Total Neverlues	Ψ	34,443,130	Ψ	34,134,022	0.3170
Expenses:					
Instruction	\$	15,484,215	\$	17,230,926	-10.14%
Instructional Resources and Media Services		216,885		222,267	-2.42%
Curriculum and Staff Development		791,542		754,909	4.85%
Instructional Leadership		622,543		667,553	-6.74%
School Leadership		1,785,938		1,759,797	1.49%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		1,083,530		1,031,125	5.08%
Social Work Services		15,714		94,091	-83.30%
Health Services		311,189		316,831	-1.78%
Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,282,380		1,198,828	6.97%
Food Services		1,584,614		1,528,744	3.65%
Co-curricular/Extracurricular Activities		973,446		919,442	5.87%
General Administration		1,576,011		1,470,705	7.16%
Plant Maintenance and Operations		2,756,633		2,835,945	-2.80%
Security and Monitoring Services		803,587		300,518	167.40%
Data Processing Services		1,156,302		944,112	22.48%
Community Services		398,696		381,040	4.63%
Debt Service		342,813		364,769	-6.02%
Capital Outlay		356,709		36,830	868.53%
Other Intergovernmental Charges		223,165		215,667	3.48%
Total Expenses	\$	31,765,912	\$	32,274,099	-1.57%
Excess (Deficiency) and Transfers	\$_	2,679,226	\$	1,860,723	43.99%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	2,679,226	\$	1,860,723	43.99%
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)		15,323,488		13,462,765	13.82%
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	18,002,714	_	15,323,488	17.48%





- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected District functions as well as the selected function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 31,765,912.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through local property taxes was limited to \$12,051,024.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$ 460,261, or
- By grants and contributions \$ 6,973,270.

Quinlan Independent School District Net Cost of Selected District Functions								
	Total Cost o	of Services		Net Cost of	Services			
	2021	2020	% Change	2021	2020	% Change		
Instruction	\$ 15,484,215	\$ 17,230,926	-10.14%	\$ 11,863,145	\$ 12,532,765	-5.34%		
School Leadership	1,785,938	1,759,797	1.49%	1,521,343	1,452,519	4.74%		
General Administration	1,576,011	1,470,705	7.16%	1,241,957	1,174,035	5.79%		
Plant Maintenance and Operations	2,756,633	2,835,945	-2.80%	2,441,014	2,766,995	-11.78%		

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$ 33,827,867 which is a \$ 910,634 increase from the prior year. The increase is representative of an increase in federal aid related to continuing the after-school grant as well as additional state aid.

Expenditures for governmental fund types totaled \$31,293,545 which is a \$551,607 increase from the prior year. This increase is largely due to an increase in overall instructional costs throughout the District.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 9,931,550 below final General Fund budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from reductions in capital outlay and instruction.

Resources available were \$ 803,615 below the final General Fund budgeted amount. The unfavorable variance was reflective of less than expected federal and state revenue sources.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At year end, the District had invested \$ 47,728,685 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles (See Table A-4).

					Table A-4
Quinlan Independ	dent School Di	strict's Capita	al A	ssets	
					Total
					Percentage
		Government	al A	ctivities	Change
		2021		2020	2020-2021
Land	\$	502,717	\$	502,717	0.00%
Buildings and Improvements		40,764,937		40,744,009	0.05%
Vehicles		4,013,532		4,901,904	-18.12%
Equipment		1,984,743		1,847,115	7.45%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	47,728,685	\$	48,323,104	-1.23%
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(21,726,179)		(21,372,051)	1.66%
Net Capital Assets	\$	26,002,506	\$	26,951,053	-3.52%

#### **DEBT**

At year-end, the District had \$ 11,816,995 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Bond Ratings -**

The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings.

Quin	ın Independent Sc	hool District's	Debt	t	Table A-5
					Total
					Percentage
		Governme	ntal A	ctivities	Change
	_	2021		2020	2020-2021
Bonds Payable	;	\$ 10,435,000	\$	11,595,000	-10.00%
Other Debt Payable		1,381,995		1,245,497	10.96%
Total Debt Payable	<u></u>	\$ 11,816,995	\$	12,840,497	-7.97%

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The District's property valuation has returned to an increasing level over prior years which will allow for stable tax revenues. Local property tax rates for maintenance and operations are restricted by state to \$.97, without local elections. The State Legislature passed HB3 which included various changes to the property tax rate setting process thus limiting school districts' opportunities for tax modifications and compressing the rates charged to taxpayers. The additional changes required under HB3 could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flow.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be relatively slow, as indicated by sluggish property value increases in prior years. Housing has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These economic conditions should allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

The global outbreak of coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") presents various global risks. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. Management of the District is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, supplies, vendors, and industry. Given the evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the District is not able to estimate the effects, if any, of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations and financial condition.

The State, attempting to assist school district's financial stability, utilized additional federal funding received due to impact of the coronavirus pandemic. This additional funding source allocated to school districts was used to offset the attendance loss to the district's state funding. As such district expenditures have been reclassified as federal expenditures and fund balance can be affected.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Becky Pfeil, Chief Financial Officer of the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18,002,714

### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

ata			1
ontrol		G	overnmental
odes	_		Activities
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	16,417,84
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		2,638,68
1240	Due from Other Governments		5,094,65
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		1,60
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		502,71
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		22,951,32
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		2,085,70
1580	Construction in Progress		462,75
1800	Restricted Assets		94,97
1000	Total Assets	\$	50,250,25
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1701	Deferred Outflows - Refundings	\$	566,37
1705	Deferred Outflows - Pension		2,688,2
1706	Deferred Outflows - OPEB		1,445,52
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,700,11
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	139,09
2140	Interest Payable		162,32
2165	Accrued Liabilities		1,877,74
2300	Unearned Revenues		334,48
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due within one year		1,288,11
2502	Due in more than one year		10,528,88
2540	Net Pension Liability		7,250,48
2545	Net OPEB Liability		7,678,82
2000	Total Liabilities	_\$	29,259,96
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$	1,511,42
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB		6,176,26
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	7,687,69
0000	NET POSITION	•	44405 5
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:	\$	14,185,51
3820	State and Federal Programs		292,17
3850	Debt Service		263,11
3890	Other Purposes		118,60
3900	Unrestricted		3,143,31

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**Total Net Position** 

3000

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1 3 4 6

					Program R	Revenu	ies	R	et (Expense) Revenue and nanges in Net Assets
Data							Operating	-	
Control				С	harges for	(	Grants and	G	overnmental
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	15,484,215	\$	71,186	\$	3,549,884	\$	(11,863,145)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	•	216,885	·	-	•	19,737	•	(197,148)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		791,542		-		323,522		(468,020)
21	Instructional Leadership		622,543		-		340,073		(282,470)
23	School Leadership		1,785,938		28,379		236,216		(1,521,343)
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		1,083,530		-		142,014		(941,516)
32	Social Work Services		15,714		-		136		(15,578)
33	Health Services		311,189		1,120		54,439		(255,630)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,282,380		-		186,897		(1,095,483)
35	Food Services		1,584,614		195,148		1,061,730		(327,736)
36	Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities		973,446		87,926		57,645		(827,875)
41	General Administration		1,576,011		-		334,054		(1,241,957)
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations		2,756,633		15,456		300,163		(2,441,014)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		803,587		-		90,563		(713,024)
53	Data Processing		1,156,302		-		144,323		(1,011,979)
61	Community Services		398,696		61,046		102,601		(235,049)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		341,588		-		26,942		(314,646)
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		1,225		-		-		(1,225)
81	Capital Outlay		356,709		-		2,331		(354,378)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		223,165		-		-		(223,165)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	31,765,912	\$	460,261	\$	6,973,270	\$	(24,332,381)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	31,765,912	\$	460,261	\$	6,973,270	\$	(24,332,381)
		-							
MT			eral Revenues: perty Taxes, Lev	ind for G	onoral Durnos o			\$	10,757,529
DT			perty Taxes, Lev		•			Ψ	1,100,971
ΙΕ			estment Earning		ebt Service				22,065
GC			· ·		Doctricted to S	nooifio	Drograma		
M		Grant and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs  Miscellaneous				Fiograms		15,094,210 36,832	
TR			cellarieous al General Reve	nues				\$	27,011,607
CN			ange in Net Posi					\$	2,679,226
NB		Net	Position - Begini	ning (Jul	y 1)				15,323,488
NE		Net I	Position - Ending	g (June 3	30)			\$	18,002,714

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		10		98
Data			Other	Total
Control		General	Governmental	Governmental
Codes	_	Fund	Fund	Funds
	ASSETS			
1110	Cash and Investments	\$ 16,635,108	\$ 66,194	\$ 16,701,302
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net	2,342,645	296,037	2,638,682
1240	Due from Other Governments	3,368,573	1,726,078	5,094,651
1290	Other Receivable, Net	1,600	-	1,600
1800	Restricted Assets		94,971	94,971
1000	Total Assets	\$ 22,347,926	\$ 2,183,280	\$ 24,531,206
	LIABILITIES			
	Current Liabilities:			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 25,302	\$ 394,030	\$ 419,332
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings	3,905	-	3,905
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	1,478,688	231,263	1,709,951
2200	Accurued Expenditures	124,217	39,675	163,892
2300	Unearned Revenues	318,358	16,131	334,489
		<u> </u>		
2000	Total Liabilities	\$ 1,950,470	\$ 681,099	\$ 2,631,569
	DEFENDED INITIONS OF DECOMPOSE			
0040	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Φ 0040045	Φ 000.007	Φ 0.000.000
2610	Deferred Property Taxes Revenue	\$ 2,342,645	\$ 296,037	\$ 2,638,682
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,342,645	\$ 296,037	\$ 2,638,682
	FUND BALANCES			
	Restricted Fund Balances:			
3450	Federal/State Funds Grants	\$ -	\$ 233,667	\$ 233,667
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	129,395	129,395
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balances	-	647,976	647,976
	Committed Fund Balances:			
3545	Other Committed Fund Balances	200,000	195,106	395,106
3600	Unassigned	17,854,811		17,854,811
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$ 18,054,811	\$ 1,206,144	\$ 19,260,955
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows			
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 22,347,926	\$ 2,183,280	\$ 24,531,206

# QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances - Balance Sheet (governmental funds)

19,260,955

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (SNP) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		26,002,506
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		2,638,682
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.		(3,226)
Payable for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funs.		(10,435,000)
Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(274,647)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(162,320)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds	3.	566,373
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(7,250,487)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to net pension liability plans are not reported in the funds.		(1,511,425)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to net pension liability plans are not reported in the funds.		2,688,215
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.		(1,107,348)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(7,678,826)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the net OPEB liability plans are not reported in the funds.		(6,176,265)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to net OPEB liability plans are not reported in the funds.		1,445,527
et position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	18,002,714

# QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			10				98
Data					Other		Total
Control			General	Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental
Codes			Fund		Funds		Funds
	_						
	REVENUES						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	10,786,717	\$	1,533,260	\$	12,319,977
5800	State Program Revenues		15,599,652		360,774		15,960,426
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_	383,698		5,163,766		5,547,464
5020	Total Revenues	\$	26,770,067	\$	7,057,800	\$	33,827,867
	EXPENDITURES						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction	\$	12,029,370	\$	2,596,867	\$	14,626,237
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		126,445		23,587		150,032
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		450,766		313,461		764,227
0021	Instructional Leadership		279,397		318,124		597,521
0023	School Leadership		1,556,885		120,812		1,677,697
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		642,290		386,834		1,029,124
0032	Social Work Services		7,492		1,396		8,888
0033	Health Services		272,909		13,812		286,721
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		915,750		110,849		1,026,599
0035	Food Services		40,432		1,391,315		1,431,747
0036	Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities		794,511		19,881		814,392
0041	General Administration		1,296,270		225,711		1,521,981
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		2,591,565		158,929		2,750,494
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		738,228		51,991		790,219
0053	Data Processing Services		1,095,517		73,475		1,168,992
0061	Community Services		181,775		142,853		324,628
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		-		1,160,000		1,160,000
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		-		434,900		434,900
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		-		1,225		1,225
0081	Capital Outlay		504,756		-		504,756
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		223,165		-		223,165
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	23,747,523	\$	7,546,022	\$	31,293,545
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
	Expenditures	\$	3,022,544	\$	(488,222)	\$	2,534,322
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
7912	Sale of Capital Assets	\$	19,100	\$	_	\$	19,100
7913	Issuance of Capital Leases	*	274,647	Ψ		Ψ	274,647
7915	Transfers In		274,047		379,000		379,000
			(070,000)		379,000		· ·
8911	Transfers Out		(379,000)	-	-		(379,000)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(85,253)	\$	379,000	\$	293,747
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	2,937,291	\$	(109,222)	\$	2,828,069
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (July 1)		15,117,520		1,315,366		16,432,886
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (June 30)	\$	18,054,811	\$	1,206,144	\$	19,260,955

# QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,828,069
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	414,595
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(1,363,142)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	16,150
All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA	(16,150)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this period.	129,045
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	92,544
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not a expense in the SOA.	1,160,000
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	768
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	52,607
Proceeds of leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as currenct resources in the funds.	(274,647)
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	 (360,613)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ 2,679,226

# QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Data		ĺ	nternal
Control		;	Service
Codes			Funds
	ASSETS		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Investments	_ \$	107,541
	Total Current Assets	_\$	107,541
1000	Total Assets	\$	107,541
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	_\$	110,767
	Total Current Liabilities	_\$	110,767
2000	Total Liabilities	_ \$	110,767
	NET POSITION		
3900	Unrestricted Net Position	\$	(3,226)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	(3,226)

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes		Internal Service Funds	
	OPERATING REVENUES		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	58,017
5020	Total Operating Revenues	\$	58,017
	OPERATING EXPENSES		
6400	Other Operating Costs	\$	5,410
6030	Total Operating Expenses	\$	5,410
1300	Change in Net Position	\$	52,607
0100	Net Position - Beginning (July 1)		(55,833)
3000	Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	(3,226)

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	;	nternal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Receipts from Quasi Interfund Transactions Cash Payments for Reinsurance and Administration	\$	3,999 (5,410)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(1,411)
Cash Flows from Capital and Other Related Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
NONE		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	\$	(1,411)
Cash and Investments - Beginning (July 1)		108,953
Cash and Investments - Ending (June 30)	\$	107,542
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	52,607
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Liability		(54,018)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(1,411)

# QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Data				
Control		Agency		
Codes	_	Funds	_	
	ASSETS			
1110	Cash and Investments	\$ 59,801	_	
1000	Total Assets	\$ 59,801	_	
	NET POSITION			
	Restricted for:			
3490	Due to Student Groups	\$ 59,801	_	
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 59,801		

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes	_	<u>F</u> S	Custodial Funds Student Activity	
	ADDITIONS			
5700	Fundraising Activities	\$	80,264	
5020	Total Additions	\$	80,264	
	DEDUCTIONS			
6400	Group Activities	\$	85,890	
6030	Total Deductions	\$	85,890	
1300	Change in Net Position	\$	(5,626)	
0100	Net Position, Beginning (July 1)	\$	-	
	Prior Period Adjustment		65,427	
	Net Position, Beginning as restated	\$	65,427	
3000	Net Position, Ending (June 30)	\$	59,801	

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Quinlan Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)*. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term Debt principal, interest, and related costs.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project years. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Capital Projects Fund – The District accounts for capital improvements resulting from the issuance of tax supported general obligation bonds in this fund. Any excess proceeds remaining will be used to retire the debt issued.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are proprietary type funds. These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The District uses internal service funds for self-insured workers compensation and self-insured technology repair activities.

Custodial Funds – These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

#### b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally measurable until received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

#### 3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

#### 4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$ -0-	
Special Revenue Fund	-0-	
Debt Service Fund	-0-	
Total	\$ -0-	

#### 5. Financial Statement Amounts

#### Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

		Other	
	General	Governmental	Total
Restricted			
Child Nutrition Program	\$ -	\$ 233,667	\$ 233,667
Retirement of Long Term Debt	-	129,395	129,395
Scholarship Fund	-	118,608	118,608
Child/Adult Food Program	-	526,990	526,990
Peace Officer Allocation	-	2,378	2,378
Committed			
Campus Activity Funds	-	138,978	138,978
Budget Deficits	200,000	56,128	256,128
Unassigned	17,854,811		17,854,811
Totals	\$ 18,054,811	\$ 1,206,144	\$ 19,260,955

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Inventories**

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of school supplies, athletic equipment, and food products. Under this method, supplies and materials are debited as expenditures when purchased.

#### Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting years and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when the items are consumed or occur.

#### Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated
<u>Useful Lives</u>
15-50
5-10
3-15

#### **Unearned Revenues**

Unearned revenues include state funds received but have not been earned in the year. The balance will be earned in the future year and not returned as liabilities.

#### 6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits and Other Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior period adjustment.

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

#### 7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

#### 8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

#### 9. Vacation, Sick Leave, and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave vests, accumulates, and is recorded as expense as it is incurred. Sick leave is paid upon separation from the District.

#### 10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/ deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expenses, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. There are no investments as this a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### 12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

#### 13. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

#### 14. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

#### B. <u>Deposits, Securities, and Investments</u>

#### Cash Deposits

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance District (FDIC) insurance. At year end, all District cash deposits appear to have been adequately covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District or the depository in the District's name. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured at all times throughout the year.

#### Investments

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Act requires specific training reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to be in compliance with all the requirements of the Act.

The PFIA (Government Code Chapter 256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversifications, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk level, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the state maturity date of portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preference for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker's acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The PFIA governs the District's investment policies and types of investments.

The District's management believes that it complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policies.

District investments include investments in TexPool and Lone Star which are both local government investment pool. All investments are reported at fair value and are presented as cash and investments

#### B. <u>Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)</u>

The following table lists the District's investments at year end:

	Fair Value/ Amortized Cost	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Governmental Activities: Investment Pools:		
TexPool	15,432,249	36
Lone Star Investment Pool	250,011	36
Total	\$ 15,682,260	

#### Texas Local Government Investment Pool

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the PFIA, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to Texpool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market value of the securities. The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at <a href="https://www.ttstc.org">www.ttstc.org</a>.

#### Lone Star Investment Pool

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the PFIA, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net Asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

#### B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The largest combined balances of cash, saving and time deposit accounts amounted to \$ 1,214,064 and occurred on January 31, 2021. The amount of bond or market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combine balance on deposit was \$ 3,640,383. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 479,619. American National Bank of Terrell, Texas is the District's depository.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. District investments are limited to short term maturities to limit any potential interest rate risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. State statutes do not allow for foreign investments this eliminating foreign currency rate risk. The District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### f. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

#### B. <u>Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)</u>

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements require judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The Districts investments in the local government investment pool is not required to be measured at fair value but is measured at amortized cost.

#### C. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectable within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting these criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ .9827 to fund general operations and \$ 0.10 for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 1,086,473,170. The District contracts with a tax attorney for the collection of all delinquent taxes. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest plus a 25% delinquent tax attorney collection fee.

#### D. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning				Ending		
	Balance		Increases		Decreases	Balances	
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets not Being Depreciated: Land Construction In Progress	\$	502,717 327,359	\$	- 135,397	\$ - -	\$	502,717 462,756
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$	830,076	\$	135,397	\$ -	\$	965,473
Capital Assets being Depreciated: Building and Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$	40,744,009 1,847,115 4,901,904	\$	20,928 137,628 120,642	\$ - 1,009,014	\$	40,764,937 1,984,743 4,013,532
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$	47,493,028	\$	279,198	\$ 1,009,014	\$	46,763,212
Less Accumulated Depreciation for : Buildings and Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$	16,857,710 1,231,549 3,282,792	\$	955,899 114,669 292,574	\$ - 1,009,014	\$	17,813,609 1,346,218 2,566,352
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	21,372,051	_	1,363,142	\$ 1,009,014	\$	21,726,179
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	26,120,977 26,951,053	\$( \$	1,083,944) (948,547)	\$ - \$ -	\$ \$	25,037,033 26,002,506

#### D. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 589,191
Instructional Resources and Media Services	64,079
Curriculum and Staff Development	4,051
Instructional Leadership	7,000
School Leadership	50,323
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	15,749
Social Work Services	6,826
Health Services	14,254
Student (Pupil) Transportation	229,595
Food Services	121,923
Co-Curricular/Extracurricular Activities	141,085
General Administration	10,059
Plant Maintenance and Operations	28,419
Security and Monitoring Services	12,025
Data Processing Services	5,488
Ancillary Services	63,075
Totals	\$ 1,363,142

#### E. Long Term Obligations

#### Long Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	[	Decreases	Ending Balance	[	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 11,595,000	\$ -	\$	1,160,000	\$ 10,435,000	\$	1,210,000
Capital Leases Payable	-	274,647		-	274,647		78,115
Unamortized Premium (Discount)	1,245,497	-		138,149	1,107,348		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 12,840,497	\$ 274,647	\$	1,298,149	\$ 11,816,995	\$	1,288,115

#### Bonds

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities. The District is required to make annual interest payments along with annual principal payments.

#### E. <u>Long Term Obligations (Continued)</u>

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Issue	ligations tstanding
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	3.51%	\$ 12,989,999	\$ 905,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	1.41%	3,925,000	825,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	2.58%	8,830,000	8,705,000
Total			\$ 10,435,000

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	R	Total equirements
2022	1,210,000	400,100	\$	1,610,100
2023	760,000	363,800		1,123,800
2024	795,000	338,600		1,133,600
2025	825,000	306,800		1,131,800
2026	855,000	273,800		1,128,800
2027-2031	4,885,000	822,600		5,707,600
2032-2036	1,105,000	4,420		1,109,420
Totals	\$ 10,435,000	\$ 2,510,120	\$	12,945,120

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District appears to be in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of year-end.

#### Capital Leases

The District is obligated under certain leases accounted for as capital leases. The leases recorded here meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

The following schedule lists personal property leased:

	Interest	Obligations			
Description	Rate	Ou	ıtstanding		
Insight Investmenst LLC - Servers	5.367%	\$	352,762		

The lease terms are for five years. The terms call for annual payments over the life of the lease.

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of end of year, are as follows:

Year Ending		Total
June 30	Red	quirements
2022	\$	78,115
2023		78,115
2024		78,115
2025		78,115
Total Minimum Lease Payment	\$	312,460
Less Amount Representing Interest		(37,813)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$	274,647

#### F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan</u>

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

#### 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2020, and 2019.

Net Pension Liability		2020	 2019
Total Pension Liability	\$	218,974,205,084	\$ 209,961,325,288
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(165,416,245,243)	 (157,978,199,075)
Net Pension Liability	\$	53,557,959,841	\$ 51,983,126,213
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability		75.54%	75.24%

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There is no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

#### F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

In May 2019, the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers, and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13<sup>th</sup> check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018, received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$ 2,000, whichever was less.

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute. Texas Government Code, Section 825.402 of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code Section 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	2021	2020
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.5%
Employers	7.5%	7.5%
Current Year Employer Contributions		\$ 563,257
Current Year Member Conributions		\$ 1,323,668
2020 NECE On-Behalf Contribtions		\$ 945,665

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

A Public Education Employer contribution surcharge of 1.5% increasing to 2% over the period ending 2025 on all covered payroll.

#### F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2019 rolled forward to

August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25%
Long-term Expected Investment Rate 7.25%
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Benefit Changes during the year

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

Municipal Bond Rate

Ending Year in Projection Period

None

2:33%

2119

The actuarial assumptions used in this determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019. A full description of the assumptions are included with the report dated November 14, 2019.

The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%.

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as August 31, 2020, are summarized on the next page:

#### F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

	FY 2020	Long -Term	Expected
	Target	Expected	Contribution to Long
	Allocation <sup>1</sup>	Geometric Real	Term Portfolio
Asset Class	%	Rate of Return <sup>2</sup>	Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.0%	3.9%	0.99%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	5.1%	0.92%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	5.6%	0.83%
Directional Hedge Funds		-	-
Private Equity	14.0%	6.7%	1.41%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	-0.7%	-0.05%
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Investments)	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0%	1.9%	0.11%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.0%	4.6%	1.02%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.0%	6.0%	0.42%
Commodities	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Paritiy	8.0%	3.0%	0.30%
Leverage			
Cash	2.0%	-1.5%	-0.03%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.0%	-1.3%	0.08%
Inflation Expectation			2.00%
Volatility Drag <sup>3</sup>			-0.67%
Expected Return	100%		7.33%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2020 policy model.

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 – percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 – percentage point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease Discount Rate		19	% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,180,122	\$	7,250,487	\$	4,057,746

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$ 7,250,487 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 7,250,487
State proportionate share that is associated with the District	12,275,243
Total	\$ 19,525,730

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hew itt (as of 8/31/2020)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Volatility Drag results from the conversation between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

#### F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the year September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0135376467%, which was a decrease of 0.0014854360% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the current year, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 2,582,625 and revenue of \$ 1,476,439 for support provided by the State.

At year end, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes of actuarial assumptions	\$ 13,239 1,682,371	\$	202,342 715,332
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's	146,780		-
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	 360,116		593,751
Total as of August 31, 2020 measurement date	\$ 2,202,506	\$	1,511,425
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 485,709		<u>-</u>
Total at fiscal year end	\$ 2,688,215	\$	1,511,425

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2022	\$ 320,229
2023	309,240
2024	267,350
2025	3,755
2026	(177, 259)
Thereafter	(32,234)

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.052.

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### 2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

#### **TRS**

Detail Information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr/pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr/pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

The components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2020, and 2019 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability	 2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 40,010,833,815 (1,996,317,932)	\$ 48,583,247,239 (1,292,022,349)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 38,014,515,883	\$ 47,291,224,890
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability	4.99%	2.66%

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the table below:

TRS-Care Monthly	Premiu	ım Rates		
	En	nployer	_Em	ployee
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

#### **Contribution Rates**

	2020	 2021
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Current Year Employer Contribution		\$ 155,522
Current Year Member Contribution		\$ 111,734
2020 Year NECE On-Behalf Contribution		\$ 206,307

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

A supplemental appropriation was authorized by Senate Bill 1264 of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature to provide \$ 2,208,137 for fiscal year 2020 and \$ 3,312,206 for fiscal year 2021, for consumer protections against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network providers. Funding will be in fiscal year 2021.

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, rates of retirement, termination, and disability including general inflation and salary increases identical to those used in the respective TRS Pension valuation. These assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the measurement period ended August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020, TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability General Inflation Wage Inflation Salary Increases

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality using scale BB. The past retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

August 31, 2019 rolled forward to Valuation Date

August 31, 2020

Individual Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

2.30%

Discount Rate 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care

benefits are includeed in the age-

adjusted claims costs.

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation **Election Rates** Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 40% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are

assumed to discontinue coverage at

age 65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of .30% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all years of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,214,574	\$ 7,678,826	\$ 6,465,806

#### 8. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is onepercentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	Current Healthcare		
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 6,272,617	\$ 7,678,826	\$ 9,551,698

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

9. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs.

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$ 7,678,826 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 7,678,826
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	10,318,502
Total	\$ 17,997,328

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2019, and rolled forward to August 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019, thru June 30, 2021.

At August 31, 2020, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0201997219%, which was a decrease of 0.0009637404% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurements of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- a. Discount rate decreased from 2.65% to 2.33% increasing the Total OPEB Liability.
- b. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- c. The ultimate healthcare assumption was lowered from 4.50% to 4.25% as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement year.

For the current year, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ (199,304) and revenue of \$ (71,648) for support provided by the State.

At year end, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual acturial experiences	\$ 402,060	\$ 3,514,224
Changes in acturial assumptions	473,624	2,108,645
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's	2,495	-
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	435,140	553,396
Total as of August 31, 2020 measurement date	\$ 1,313,319	\$ 6,176,265
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 132,208	 
Total at fiscal year end	\$ 1,445,527	\$ 6,176,265

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30	 Amount					
2022	\$ (787,187)					
2023	(787,521)					
2024	(787,712)					
2025	(787,659)					
2026	(582,558)					
Thereafter	(1,130,309)					

#### H. <u>Medicare Part D Coverage</u>

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$ 77,734, \$ 73,161, and \$ 61,331, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

#### I. Risk Management

#### Health Care

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 324 per month per employee and employees, at their opinion, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Quinlan Independent School District and Blue Cross and Blue Shield is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Blue Cross and Blue Shield are available for the year ended December 31, 2020, and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records

#### Workers Compensation

During the year, the District met its statutory worker's compensation obligation through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory worker's compensation benefits to its member's injured employees.

The District participates in the Fund's Fully Funded Worker's Compensation Program. As such the Fund is responsible for claims payments while the District pays an annual Estimated Contribution based on the Estimated Payroll for the year. The District agrees to use the fund's contractors for services related to the administration of claims and to follow the Fund's election under Section 504.,053 of the Labor Code to direct care through the Political Subdivision Worker's Compensation Alliance.

#### I. Risk Management (Continued)

The Fund engages the services of independent auditors to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been

Filed with the Texas Department of Insurance Austin.

During the current year, the District ended its active participation in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association Worker's compensation Self Insurance Joint Fund. However, the District will continue to pay out claims as estimated by the Third-Party Claims Administrator, Claims Administrative Services, Inc. until the accrued liability runs out.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in the years of 2021 and 2020 are represented below:

	 2021	 2020
Claims Payable (July 1) Claims Incurred and Changes in Estimate Claim Payments	\$ 163,374 (34,330) (18,832)	\$ 208,894 (15,258) (30,262)
Claims Payable (June 30)	\$ 110,212	\$ 163,374

#### Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the current year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were not significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### J. <u>Litigation</u>

The District appears to have no pending litigation as of June 30, 2021.

#### K. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### L. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after June 30, 2021, up through November 8, 2021, the date the financial statements were issued.

#### M. <u>Shared Service Arrangements</u>

The District participates in cooperative programs with other local districts. The District does not account for revenue or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements.

Shared Service Agreement	Fiscal Agent	Service
Title III Part A - LEP	Region X ESC	Program Services

#### N. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the year, the District received revenue from local and intermediate in the District's major funds and aggregate non major funds consisting of the following:

	Otner						
		General	Go	overnmental			
		Fund		Funds	Total		
Property Tax Collections	\$	10,643,849	\$	1,085,605	\$11,729,454		
Investment Income		13,040		9,195	22,235		
Food Service Income		-		195,148	195,148		
Gifts and Bequests		-		49,238	49,238		
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		58,846		133,670	192,516		
Other		70,982		60,404	131,386		
Total	Φ.	10 700 717	¢	4 500 000	£40.040.077		
Total	Φ	10,786,717	Ф	1,533,260	\$12,319,977		

#### O. Receivables

Receivables at year end, for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		General		overnmental		
		Fund	Funds			Total
Due from Other Governments	\$	3,368,573	\$	1,660,291	\$	5,028,864
Property Taxes		2,604,707		328,930		2,933,637
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(260, 294)		(32,893)		(293,187)
Other		1,600		-		1,600
						_
Net Receivables	\$	5,714,586	\$	1,956,328	\$	7,670,914
	_					

#### P. State Aid Reconciliation

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	Available	Foundation		Foundation IFA			EDA	
Current Year Earnings Prior Year Settle Up	\$ 1,165,438	\$	13,077,051 58,115	Not Eligible		\$	26,799 143	
Financial Statement Earnings	\$ 1,165,438	\$	13,135,166	\$	\$ -		26,942	
Details: Scheduled Payments Settleup Balance	\$ 261,187 -	\$	3,107,385 (318,357)	\$	-	\$	- 1,767	
Receivable (Overpayment)*	\$ 261,187	\$	2,789,028				1,767	

<sup>\*</sup> Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue (government-wide and governmental).

#### Q. Interfund Balances and Activities

#### Transfer Between Funds

During the year, the District had the following interfund transfer activity:

Transfer From	Transfers To	Amount	Reason
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 379,000	Debt Retirement

#### R. Change in Accounting Principle

The District implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statements during the year. The provisions impact the financial reporting for the District. Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, relates to the presentation and accounting for custodial funds of the District. The standard includes fiduciary reporting and accounting for Student Custodial Funds (previously presented as Student Agency Funds) of the District. GASB Statements 91, 92, and 93, have also been implemented but do not have an impact on the District's financial reporting.

#### S. <u>Prior Period Adjustments</u>

During the year, the District implemented GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which require the reclassification and establishment of new equity accounts presented as Custodial Funds for the previously presented Student Agency Funds. The prior financial statement amount represented as Due to Student Groups is reclassified and presented as Net Position – Restricted for Student Activities. The establishment of the net position balances required the beginning equity to be increased by \$ 65,427 as presented on Exhibit E-2. The reclassification does not affect the government-wide or governmental fund financial statements. Only the fiduciary fund financial statements are affected.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		•			
					Variance with
Data		Dudantal	A		Final Budget
Contro		Budgeted Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
					(**************************************
5700	REVENUES  Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 10,421,960	\$ 10,421,960	\$ 10,786,717	\$ 364,757
5800	State Program Revenues	16,852,816	16,726,722	15,599,652	(1,127,070)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	425,000	425,000	383,698	(41,302)
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 27,699,776	\$ 27,573,682	\$ 26,770,067	\$ (803,615)
	EXPENDITURES				
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:	A 44000 0770			
0011	Instruction	\$ 14,962,879	\$ 14,819,299	\$ 12,029,370	\$ 2,789,929
0012 0013	Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Staff Development	149,205 492,163	164,746 530,561	126,445 450,766	38,301 79,795
0010	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$ 15,604,247	\$ 15,514,606	\$ 12,606,581	\$ 2,908,025
		Ψ 10,001,211	ψ 10,011,000	Ψ 12,000,001	Ψ 2,000,020
	Instructional and School Leadership:				
0021	Instructional Leadership	\$ 322,646	\$ 347,695	\$ 279,397	\$ 68,298
0023	School Leadership	1,539,292	1,684,213	1,556,885	127,328 \$ 195,626
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$ 1,861,938	\$ 2,031,908	\$ 1,836,282	\$ 195,626
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):				
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	\$ 664,865	\$ 729,333	\$ 642,290	\$ 87,043
0032	Social Work Services	8,360	17,360	7,492	9,868
0033	Health Services	289,988	319,648	272,909	46,739
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,066,996	1,165,486	915,750	249,736
0035	Food Services	4,000	51,502	40,432	11,070
0036	Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities	1,177,141	1,193,878	794,511	399,367
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 3,211,350	\$ 3,477,207	\$ 2,673,384	\$ 803,823
	Administrative Support Services:				
0041	General Administration	\$ 1,438,640	\$ 1,529,707	\$ 1,296,270	\$ 233,437
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$ 1,438,640	\$ 1,529,707	\$ 1,296,270	\$ 233,437
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:				
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	\$ 3,341,671	\$ 4,178,904	\$ 2,591,565	\$ 1,587,339
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	375,406	820,470	738,228	82,242
0053	Data Processing Services	1,113,752	1,271,174	1,095,517	175,657
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$ 4,830,829	\$ 6,270,548	\$ 4,425,310	\$ 1,845,238
	Ancillary Services:				
0061	Community Services	\$ 212,962	\$ 236,853	\$ 181,775	\$ 55,078
	Total Ancillary Services	\$ 212,962	\$ 236,853	\$ 181,775	\$ 55,078
	·				
	Debt Service:			•	
0071	Principle on Long-Term Debt	\$ 78,144	\$ 70,578	\$ -	\$ 70,578
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Debt Service	\$ 78,144	7,566 \$ 78,144	\$ -	7,566 \$ 78,144
	Total Debt Service	Ψ 70,144	Ψ 70,144	Ψ -	Ψ 70,144
	Capital Outlay:				
0081	Capital Outlay	\$ 75,074	\$ 4,311,100	\$ 504,756	\$ 3,806,344
	Total Capital Outlay	\$ 75,074	\$ 4,311,100	\$ 504,756	\$ 3,806,344
	Intergovernmental Changes:				
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	\$ 225,000	\$ 229,000	\$ 223,165	\$ 5,835
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$ 225,000	\$ 229,000	\$ 223,165	\$ 5,835
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 27,538,184	\$ 33,679,073	\$ 23,747,523	\$ 9,931,550
	•				
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 161,592	\$ (6,105,391)	\$ 3,022,544	\$ 9,127,935
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
7912	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,100	\$ 19,100
7913 8911	Issuance of Capital Leases Transfers Out	(550,000)	(550,000)	274,647 (379,000)	274,647 171,000
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (550,000)	\$ (550,000)	\$ (85,253)	\$ 464,747
	• , ,	<del></del>			
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (388,408)	\$ (6,655,391)	\$ 2,937,291	\$ 9,592,682
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	15,117,520	15,117,520	15,117,520	-
	5 5, 7,				
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 14,729,112	\$ 8,462,129	\$ 18,054,811	\$ 9,592,682

### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2020 *	2019 *	2018 *	2017 *	2016 *	2015 *	2014 *
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0135376467%	0.0150230827%	0.0152131638%	0.0151834535%	0.0146445994%	0.0149935000%	0.0083000000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,250,487	\$ 7,809,468	\$ 8,373,695	\$ 4,854,850	\$ 5,533,976	\$ 5,300,003	\$ 2,217,045
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	12,275,243	11,396,748	12,359,520	7,129,985	8,384,550	8,055,971	6,982,341
Total	\$ 19,525,730	\$ 19,206,216	\$ 20,733,215	\$ 11,984,835	\$ 13,918,526	\$ 13,355,974	\$ 9,199,386
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 14,179,092	\$ 15,959,993	\$ 15,732,976	\$ 15,149,339	\$ 14,304,854	\$ 13,732,809	\$ 12,719,465
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	51.14%	48.93%	53.22%	32.05%	38.69%	38.59%	17.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement.

<sup>\*</sup> The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 68.

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 563,257	\$ 558,137	\$ 523,115	\$ 510,612	\$ 496,993	\$ 464,472	\$ 391,673
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	 (563,257)	 (558,137)	 (523,115)	 (510,612)	 (496,993)	 (464,472)	 (391,673)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 14,493,406	\$ 16,856,659	\$ 15,743,303	\$ 13,272,100	\$ 15,081,516	\$ 14,232,492	\$ 13,510,190
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.89%	3.31%	3.32%	3.85%	3.30%	3.26%	2.90%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement.

### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2020 *	2019 *	2018 *	2017 *	
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0201997219%	0.0211634623%	0.0211932307%	0.02013652	215%
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 7,678,826	\$ 10,008,459	\$ 10,581,974	\$ 8,756	,618
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	10,318,502	13,299,005	12,374,648	10,824	,591
Total	\$ 17,997,328	\$ 23,307,464	\$ 22,956,622	\$ 19,581,	,209
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 14,179,092	\$ 15,959,993	\$ 1,573,276	\$ 15,149	,339
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	54.16%	62.71%	67.26%	57.	.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.	.91%

Note: Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75 paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

<sup>\*</sup> The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 75.

## QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICTS OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Contractually required contributions	\$	155,522	\$	153,508	\$	149,505	\$	139,622
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions		(155,522)		(153,508)		(149,505)		(139,622)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered employee payroll	\$	14,493,406	\$	16,856,659	\$	15,743,303	\$	13,272,100
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		1.07%		0.91%		0.95%		1.05%

Note: Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

#### B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of assumptions since the prior measurement period.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### C. OPEB Healthcare Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following changes occurred in the plan assumptions.

- a. The discount rate changed from 2.65% to 2.33%
- b. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%.
- 2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		1	2	3	10	20	31	32	40	50
Tax		Tax R	ates	_Assessed/Appraised	Beginning	Current			Entire	Ending
Roll	Last Ten Periods Ende	ed	Debt	Value For School	Balance	Year's	Maintenance	Debt Service	Year's	Balance
Year	June 30	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	7/1/2020	Total Levy	Tax Collections	Tax Collections	Adjustments	6/30/2021
XXXX	2012 and Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	\$ 639,109	\$ -	\$ 24,948	\$ 4,398	\$ (1,176)	608,587
2012	2013	1.040000	0.200000	666,232,331	133,751	-	7,450	1,433	(56)	124,812
2013	2014	1.040000	0.200000	669,572,016	141,697	-	8,105	1,559	(53)	131,980
2014	2015	1.040000	0.200000	677,523,815	162,533	-	8,858	1,703	-	151,972
2015	2016	1.040000	0.200000	660,778,879	143,719	-	10,545	2,028	(214)	130,932
2016	2017	1.040000	0.200000	697,471,301	185,619	-	17,480	3,362	(294)	164,483
2017	2018	1.170000	0.070000	760,995,944	242,232	-	28,981	1,734	(756)	210,761
2018	2019	1.170000	0.070000	862,809,800	377,234	-	74,549	4,460	(12,855)	285,370
2019	2020	1.068000	0.090000	962,201,065	762,591	-	280,070	23,601	(42,631)	416,289
2020	2021	0.982700	0.100000	1,086,473,170	-	11,763,245	9,916,779	1,009,140	(130,641)	706,685
	TOTALS			-	\$ 2,788,485	\$ 11,763,245	\$ 10,377,765	\$ 1,053,418	\$ (188,676)	\$ 2,931,871

\$ (57,976)

# QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Contro	ı	1 Budgeted	2 Amounts	3	Fir	4 riance with nal Budget Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 325,500	\$ 325,500	\$ 195,424	\$	(130,076)
5800	State Program Revenues	7,000	7,000	6,605		(395)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	1,023,178	1,023,178	1,002,971		(20,207)
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 1,355,678	\$ 1,355,678	\$ 1,205,000	\$	(150,678)
	EXPENDITURES					
	Current:					
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):					
0035	Food Service	\$ 1,319,478	\$ 1,367,744	\$ 1,275,042	\$	92,702
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 1,319,478	\$ 1,367,744	\$ 1,275,042	\$	92,702
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 1,319,478	\$ 1,367,744	\$ 1,275,042	\$	92,702
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 36,200	\$ (12,066)	\$ (70,042)	\$	(57,976)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 36,200	\$ (12,066)	\$ (70,042)	\$	(57,976)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	359,837	359,837	359,837		<u>-</u>

\$ 396,037

\$ 347,771 \$ 289,795

3000 Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)

## QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data

Control

Codes

5700 5800

5020

0071

0072

0073

6030

1100

7915

7080

1200

0100

3000

**REVENUES** 

Local and Intermediate Sources

State Program Revenues

Principal on Long-term Debt

Interest on Long-term Debt

Total Debt Service

**Total Expenditures** 

Net Change in Fund Balance

Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)

Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)

Transfers In

Bond Issuance Costs and Fees

Excess (Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES USES

Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)

**Total Revenues** 

**EXPENDITURES**Debt Service:

1 2 3 4 Variance with Final Budget Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Actual (Negative) \$ 1.017.001 \$ 1.017.001 \$ 1.085.747 68.746 30,399 30,399 26,942 (3,457)65,289 \$ 1,047,400 \$ 1,047,400 \$ 1,112,689 \$ 1,160,000 \$ 1,160,000 \$ 1,160,000 \$ 434,900 434,900 434,900 2,500 2,500 1,225 1,275 \$ 1,597,400 \$ 1,597,400 \$ 1,596,125 \$ 1,275 \$ 1,597,400 \$ 1,597,400 \$ 1,596,125 \$ 1,275 \$ (550,000) 66,564 \$ (550,000) \$ (483, 436)\$ 550,000 \$ 550,000 \$ 379,000 \$ (171,000)\$ 550,000 \$ 550,000 \$ 379,000 \$ (171,000)\$ \$ \$ (104, 436)(104,436)

233,831

233,831

\$

\$

233,831

129,395

\$ (104,436)

233,831

233,831

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control		
<u>Codes</u>		Response
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and / other sources information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments). Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued. Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the shool district is considered to have been inssued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school districts fiscal year-end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school districts property value at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ -0-

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	(02) Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	(03) Expenditures, Indirect Costs and Refunds	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed through Greenville Independent School District:				
Head Start Head Start	93.600 93.600	06CH6997/20 06CH6997/21	\$ 78 138,232	
Total passed through Greenville Independent School District			138,310	
Passed through the Texas Department of Health and Human Services:				
Medicaid Administrative Claiming	93.778	00537980068	14,738	
Total passed through Texas Departement of Health and Human Services			14,738	
Passed through the Texas Division of Emergancy Management:				
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	2020-CF-21019	56,983	
Total passed through Texas Division of Emergancy Management			56,983	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			210,031	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:				
ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs Total CFDA 84.010	84.010 84.010	206101011116908 216101011116908	383 629,736 630,119	
IDEA-B Formula (A) IDEA-B Formula (A) Total CFDA 84.027	84.027 84.027	206600011169086000 216600011169086000	97,254 591,661 688,915	
Carl Perkins - Reserve Perkins V: Strengthening CTE Total CFDA 84.048	84.048 84.048	204200287110070 21420006116908	4,887 37,024 41,911	
IDEA-B Preschool (A) Total CFDA 84.174	84.174	216610011169086000	11,950 11,950	
Title IV Part B - 21st Century Community Learning Title IV Part B - 21st Century Community Learning Total CFDA 84.287	84.287 84.287	216950267110038 206950217110009	878,141 66,675 944,816	

The accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this statement.

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	(02) Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's	(03) Expenditures, Indirect Costs
Program Title	Number	Number	and Refunds
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION CONTINUED			
Title V Part B - Rural and Low Income	84.358	20696001116908	\$ 37,282
Title V Part B - Rural and Low Income Total CFDA 84.358	84.358	21696001116908	23,608 60,890
ESEA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	21694501116908	104,475
Total CFDA 84.367			104,475
ESEA Title IV, Part A Subpart 1	84.424	20680101116908	2,100
ESEA Title IV, Part A Subpart 1	84.424	21680101116908	46,988
Total CFDA 84.424			49,088
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - II*	84.425	21521001116908	1,134,863
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief*	84.425	20521001116908	17,307
CRF - Prior Purchase Reimbursement Program Total CFDA 84.425	84.425	52102135	104,335 1,256,505
10tal 01 B/1 04.420			1,200,000
Total passed through the Texas Education Agency			3,788,669
Passed through the Education Service Center, Region X:			
ESEA Title III Part A - LEP	84.365	20671001057950	5,894
ESEA Title III Part A - LEP	84.365	21671001057950	15,983
Total CFDA 84.365			21,877
Total passed through the Education Service Center, Region X			21,877
Total Department of Education			3,810,546
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:			
School Breakfast Program (B)	10.553	00600	216,431
National School Lunch Program (B)	10.555	00600	688,764
National School Lunch Program - Covid Emergency (B)	10.555	00600	752
Commodity Food Distribution Child and Adult Food Care	10.565 10.558	116008A 116908	97,024 154,957
Total Department of Agriculture			1,157,928
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 5,178,505

 <sup>\*</sup> Indicates Major Program
 A - Special Education Cluster
 B - Child Nutrition Cluster

#### QUINLAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Quinlan Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### B. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. No provision has been made for amounts on hand at year end.

#### C. Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$ 5,178,505
School Health and Related Services	 368,959
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$ 5,547,464